

**GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA**  
**SESSION 2001**

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**SENATE RESOLUTION 1**  
**Calendar 1/24/01**

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Sponsors: Senators Rand; Carrington and Metcalf.

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Referred to:

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January 24, 2001

1 A SENATE RESOLUTION ADOPTING THE PERMANENT RULES OF THE  
2 SENATE FOR THE REGULAR SESSIONS OF THE 2001 GENERAL  
3 ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

4 Be it resolved by the Senate:

5 **SECTION 1.** The permanent rules for the Regular Sessions of the Senate  
6 shall be as follows:

**PERMANENT RULES OF**  
**THE REGULAR SESSIONS OF THE SENATE**  
**2001 GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA**

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10 I. Order of Business, Rules 1-7  
11 II. Conduct of Debate, Rules 8-17  
12 III. Motions, Rules 18-24  
13 IV. Voting, Rules 25-30  
14 V. Committees, Rules 31-37  
15 VI. Handling Bills, Rules 38-59.2  
16 VII. Legislative Officers and Employees, Rules 60-65  
17 VIII. General Rules, Rules 66-77.

**I. ORDER OF BUSINESS**

18  
19 **RULE 1. Rules controlling the Senate of North Carolina and its**  
20 **committees.** – The following rules shall govern and control all actions and procedures  
21 of the Senate and its committees.

22 **RULE 2. Convening hour.** – The Presiding Officer shall take the Chair at the  
23 hour fixed by the Senate upon adjournment on the preceding legislative day, and shall  
24 call the members to order. In case the Senate adjourned on the preceding legislative day  
25 without having fixed the hour of reconvening, the Senate shall reconvene on the next  
26 legislative day at 2:00 P.M., except that if the next legislative day is Monday, time for  
27 convening shall be 7:00 P.M.

28 **RULE 3. Opening the session.** – The Presiding Officer shall, upon order  
29 being obtained, have the sessions of the Senate opened with prayer.

1           **RULE 4. Convening and presiding in absence of President.** – In the  
2 absence of the President, the President Pro Tempore shall convene or reconvene the  
3 Senate and preside, and during such time shall be vested with all powers of the  
4 President except that of casting a vote in case of tie when the President Pro Tempore has  
5 already voted on the question as a Senator. In the event of the absence of the President  
6 and President Pro Tempore at any time fixed for the reconvening of the Senate, the  
7 Deputy President Pro Tempore of the Senate, the Principal Clerk of the Senate, or in  
8 their absence also, the Chair of the Senate Committee on Rules and Operations of the  
9 Senate, shall call the Senate to order and designate some member to act as Presiding  
10 Officer.

11           **RULE 5. Quorum.** – (a) A quorum consists of a majority of all the qualified  
12 members of the Senate.

13           (b) When a lesser number than a quorum convenes, the Senators present  
14 may send the Sergeant-at-Arms or any person, for any or all absent Senators, as a  
15 majority of the Senators present determines.

16           **RULE 6. Approval of Journal.** – After the prayer, and upon appearance of a  
17 quorum, the Presiding Officer shall cause the Journal of the preceding day to be read  
18 and approved, unless the President Pro Tempore or, in the President Pro Tempore's  
19 absence, the Deputy President Pro Tempore of the Senate or some member of the  
20 Senate by motion sustained by a majority of the members present, has the reading  
21 thereof dispensed with and the same approved as written.

22           **RULE 7. Order of business.** – After approval of the Journal, the order of  
23 business shall be as follows:

- 24           (1) Reports of standing committees.
- 25           (2) Reports of select committees.
- 26           (3) Introduction of bills, petitions, and resolutions.
- 27           (4) Messages from the House of Representatives.
- 28           (5) Veto messages from the Governor.
- 29           (6) Unfinished business of preceding day.
- 30           (7) Special orders.
- 31           (8) General orders:
  - 32           a. Local bills in numerical order, Senate bills first:
    - 33           1. Third reading roll call and electronic voting system
    - 34           votes.
    - 35           2. Second reading roll call and electronic voting system
    - 36           votes.
    - 37           3. Second reading viva voce.
    - 38           4. Third reading viva voce.
  - 39           b. Public bills in numerical order, Senate bills first:
    - 40           1. Third reading roll call and electronic voting system
    - 41           votes.
    - 42           2. Second reading roll call and electronic voting system
    - 43           votes.
    - 44           3. Second reading viva voce.

1 4. Third reading viva voce.

2 **II. CONDUCT OF DEBATE**

3 **RULE 8. Presiding Officer to maintain order.** – The Presiding Officer shall  
4 have general direction of the Hall of the Senate and shall be authorized to take such  
5 action as is necessary to maintain order, and in case of any disturbance or disorderly  
6 conduct in the galleries or lobbies, the Presiding Officer shall have the power to order  
7 those areas cleared.

8 **RULE 9.** (reserved for future use)

9 **RULE 10. Points of order.** – (a) The Presiding Officer shall preserve order  
10 and decorum and proceed with the business of the Senate according to the rules  
11 adopted. The Presiding Officer shall decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal  
12 to the Senate by any member, on which appeal no member shall speak more than once  
13 unless by leave of the Senate. A two-thirds vote of the membership of the Senate  
14 present and voting is necessary to sustain any appeal from the ruling of the Presiding  
15 Officer.

16 (b) In the event the Senate Rules do not provide for, or cover any point of  
17 order raised by any Senator, the rules of the United States House of Representatives  
18 shall govern.

19 (c) When a Senator is called to order that Senator shall take the assigned  
20 seat until the Presiding Officer determines whether that Senator was in order or not; if  
21 decided to be out of order, that Senator shall not proceed without the permission of the  
22 Senate; and every question of order shall be decided by the Presiding Officer, subject to  
23 an appeal to the Senate by any Senator; and if a Senator is called to order for words  
24 spoken, the words to which an exception is made shall be immediately taken down in  
25 writing by the Principal Clerk, so that the Presiding Officer or Senate may be better able  
26 to judge the matter.

27 **RULE 11. Debating and voting by Lieutenant Governor.** – The Lieutenant  
28 Governor, as President of the Senate, being a Constitutional Officer shall not have the  
29 right to debate any question or to address the Senate upon any proposition unless by  
30 permission of the majority of members present and shall have the right to vote only  
31 when there is a tie vote upon any question or election.

32 **RULE 12. Obtaining recognition.** – (a) When any Senator is about to speak  
33 in debate or deliver any matter to the Senate, that Senator shall rise and respectfully  
34 address the Presiding Officer. No member shall speak further until recognized by the  
35 Presiding Officer. The Presiding Officer shall recognize the first to rise and, when two  
36 or more members rise at the same time, the Presiding Officer shall name the member to  
37 speak.

38 (b) A Senator who has the floor may yield the floor to another Senator  
39 only for the purpose of allowing another Senator to state a question. Only the Presiding  
40 Officer may award the floor to any Senator.

41 (c) A Senator who has obtained the floor may be interrupted only for the  
42 following reasons:

43 (1) A request that the member speaking yield for a question;

44 (2) A point of order; or

1           (3)    A parliamentary inquiry.  
2           (d)    When a Senator refers to a bill, the bill number and short title must be  
3 used.

4           RULE 13. (Reserved for future use).

5           **RULE 14. Limitations on individual debate.** – (a) No Senator shall speak  
6 on the same reading more than twice on the main question, nor longer than 30 minutes  
7 for the first speech and 15 minutes for the second speech. No Senator shall speak on the  
8 same reading more than once on any motion or appeal, and then no longer than 10  
9 minutes.

10          (b)    By permission of the Presiding Officer, any member of the Senate may  
11 address the Senate from the well of the Senate.

12          **RULE 15. Questions of personal privilege.** – Upon recognition by the  
13 Presiding Officer for that purpose, any Senator may as the last order of the Senate's  
14 business that day speak to a question of personal privilege for a time not exceeding  
15 three minutes. Personal privilege may not be used to explain a vote, debate a bill, or in  
16 any way disrupt the regular business of the Senate. Personal privilege shall not be used  
17 to solicit support or sponsors for any bill. The Presiding Officer shall determine if the  
18 question raised is one of privilege and shall, without the point of order being raised,  
19 enforce this rule.

20          RULE 16. (Reserved for future use).

21          **RULE 17. General decorum.** – (a) Male Senators and male visitors shall  
22 uncover their heads upon entering the Senate Chamber while the Senate is in session  
23 and shall continue uncovered during their continuance in the Chamber, unless one's  
24 religion requires his head to be covered.

25          (b)    No derogatory remark reflecting personally upon any Senator shall be  
26 in order upon the floor of the Senate unless preceded by a motion or resolution of  
27 censure.

28          (c)    When the Presiding Officer is putting a question, or a division by  
29 counting is in progress, no Senator shall walk out of or across the Chamber, nor when a  
30 Senator is speaking, pass between that Senator and the Presiding Officer.

31          (d)    When a motion to adjourn or for recess is affirmatively determined, no  
32 member or officer shall leave that member or officer's place until adjournment or recess  
33 is declared by the Presiding Officer.

34          (e)    Smoking shall not be allowed in the galleries of the Senate during  
35 sessions.

36          (f)    No remark soliciting the donation of funds for the support of any  
37 person or organization shall be in order upon the floor of the Senate, unless the remark  
38 has some relevance to a bill or resolution before the body. No article of any kind  
39 soliciting business or donations may be placed by any person anywhere in the Senate  
40 Chamber or in any Senate office.

41          (g)    Food or beverage shall not be permitted in the Senate Chamber, either  
42 on the floor or in the galleries; however, after the Senate has remained in session for a  
43 period of one hour, food and beverage shall be allowed upon the floor of the Senate.

1 (h) Reading of newspapers, magazines, periodicals, or books shall not be  
2 acceptable while the Senate is in session. This rule does not prohibit the use of  
3 quotations during debate or for personal privilege.

4 (i) The operation of wireless telephones, pagers, or laptop or notebook  
5 computers by Senators on the floor is prohibited while the Senate is in session. The  
6 operation of by any other person of wireless communication devices which may be  
7 disruptive on the floor or in the gallery is prohibited while the Senate is in session.

8 (j) No member of the Senate shall place any item on another Senator's  
9 chamber desk or in another Senator's office unless the item conspicuously displays the  
10 name of the Senator placing the item.

### 11 III. MOTIONS

12 **RULE 18. Motions generally.** – Any motion shall be reduced to writing, if  
13 requested by the Presiding Officer or a Senator, and read by the Presiding Officer or  
14 Reading Clerk before the same is debated. Any motion may be withdrawn by the  
15 introducer at any time before decision or amendment. No motion relating to a bill shall  
16 be in order which does not identify the bill by its number and short title. Except as  
17 otherwise specifically provided in these rules, no second is required.

18 **RULE 19. Motion; order of precedence.** – When a question is before the  
19 Senate no motion shall be received except those herein specified, which motions shall  
20 have precedence as follows:

- 21 (1) To adjourn.
- 22 (2) To lay on the table.
- 23 (3) For the previous question.
- 24 (4) To postpone indefinitely.
- 25 (5) To postpone to a certain day.
- 26 (6) To commit to a standing committee.
- 27 (7) To commit to a select committee.
- 28 (8) To amend.

29 **RULE 20. Motions requiring a second.** – The motions to adjourn, to lay on  
30 the table, and to call for the previous question shall be seconded and decided without  
31 debate.

32 **RULE 21. Motions to postpone to certain day and to commit.** – The  
33 respective motions to postpone to a certain day or to commit to a standing or select  
34 committee shall preclude debate on the main question.

35 **RULE 22. Motion to substitute.** – Subject to Rule 19, a member may offer a  
36 motion to substitute to any motion, except the motions for the previous question, to  
37 table or to adjourn. No motion to substitute shall be offered to a motion to substitute.

38 **RULE 23. Motion for previous question.** – (a) The previous question may  
39 be moved upon a pending single motion, any pending amendment or amendments,  
40 and/or the pending bill to its passage on that reading or all readings or the pending  
41 resolution to its adoption. An authorized Senator moving the previous question shall  
42 specify to what the motion applies. Unless specifically limited, the motion shall be  
43 deemed to apply to the bill or resolution along with any pending amendments to its  
44 passage.

1 (b) The previous question shall be as follows: "Shall the main question be  
2 now put?" and until it is decided shall preclude all amendments and debate. If this  
3 question is decided in the affirmative, the "main question" shall be on the passage of the  
4 bill, resolution, or other matter under consideration; but when amendments are pending,  
5 the question shall be taken upon such amendments in their inverse order, without further  
6 debate or amendment.

7 (c) Only one of the following Senators may move the previous question:

8 (1) The chair of the committee submitting the report on the bill or other  
9 matter under consideration;

10 (2) The member introducing the bill or other matter under consideration;

11 (3) The member in charge of the measure, who shall be designated by the  
12 chair of the committee reporting the same to the Senate at the time the  
13 bill or other matter under consideration is reported to the Senate or  
14 taken up for consideration; or

15 (4) The Chair of the Committee on Rules and Operations of the Senate.

16 **RULE 24. Motion to reconsider.** – (a) When a question has been once put  
17 and decided, any Senator who voted in the majority may move to reconsider the vote  
18 thereof. No motion for the reconsideration of any vote shall be in order after the bill,  
19 resolution, or other matter upon which the vote was taken has gone out of the possession  
20 of the Senate. No motion for reconsideration shall be in order unless made on the same  
21 day or in the next following legislative day on which the vote took place. When the next  
22 legislative day has by motion of the Senate been restricted as to matters which may be  
23 considered, a motion to reconsider shall be in order on the next succeeding day upon  
24 which regular business is conducted. No question shall be reconsidered more than once.

25 (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this rule, a motion to reconsider is in  
26 order at any time if made by the Chair or, in his absence, the Vice-Chair of the  
27 Committee on Rules and Operations of the Senate for the sole purpose of correcting  
28 grammatical errors in bills in the possession of the Senate.

#### 29 IV. VOTING

30 **RULE 25. Use of electronic voting system.** – (a) Votes on the following  
31 questions shall be taken on the electronic voting system, and the ayes and noes shall be  
32 recorded on the Journal:

33 (1) All questions on which the Constitution of North Carolina requires that  
34 the ayes and noes be taken and recorded on the Journal;

35 (2) All questions on which a call for the ayes and noes under Rule 26(b)  
36 has been sustained;

37 (3) Second and third readings of bills proposing amendment of the  
38 Constitution of North Carolina; and

39 (4) The vote on approval of a bill that was vetoed by the Governor.

40 (b) Votes on the following questions shall be taken on the electronic  
41 voting system, and the resulting totals shall be recorded on the Journal:

42 (1) Second reading of all public bills, all amendments to public bills  
43 offered after second reading, third reading if a public bill was amended  
44 after second reading, and all conference reports on public bills.

1           (2) Any other question upon direction of the Presiding Officer or upon  
2 motion of any Senator supported by one-fifth of the Senators present.

3           (c) When the electronic voting system is used, the Presiding Officer shall  
4 fix and announce the time, not to exceed one minute, which shall be allowed for voting  
5 on the question before the Senate. The system shall be set to lock automatically and to  
6 record the vote when that time has expired. Once the system has locked and recorded a  
7 vote, the vote shall be printed by the system.

8           (d) The voting station at each Senator's desk in the Chamber shall be used  
9 only by the Senator to whom the station is assigned. Under no circumstances shall any  
10 other person vote at a Senator's station. It is a breach of the ethical obligation of a  
11 Senator either to request that another vote at the requesting Senator's station, or to vote  
12 at another Senator's station. The Presiding Officer shall enforce this rule without  
13 exception.

14           (e) When the electronic voting system is used, the Presiding Officer shall  
15 state the question and shall then state substantially the following: "All in favor vote  
16 'aye'; all opposed vote 'no'; \_\_\_\_\_ seconds will be allowed for voting on this question;  
17 the Clerk will record the vote." After the machine locks and records the vote, the  
18 Presiding Officer shall announce the vote and declare the result.

19           (f) One copy of the machine printout of the vote record shall be filed in  
20 the office of the Principal Clerk, and one copy shall be filed in the Legislative Library  
21 where it shall be open to public inspection.

22           (g) When the Presiding Officer ascertains that the electronic voting system  
23 is inoperative before a vote is taken or while a vote is being taken on the electronic  
24 system, the Presiding Officer shall announce that fact to the Senate, and any partial  
25 electronic system voting record shall be voided. In such a case, if the Constitution of  
26 North Carolina or the Rules of the Senate require a call of the ayes and noes, the Clerk  
27 shall call the roll of the Senate, and the ayes and noes shall be taken manually and shall  
28 be recorded on the Journal. All other votes shall be taken as prescribed in Senate Rule  
29 26. If, after a vote is taken on the electronic system, it is discovered that a malfunction  
30 caused an error in the electronic system printout, the Presiding Officer shall direct the  
31 Reading Clerk and the Principal Clerk to verify and correct the printout record and so  
32 advise the Senate.

33           (h) For the purpose of identifying motions on which the vote is taken on  
34 the electronic system (the identification codes having no relation to the order of  
35 precedence of motions), the motions are coded as follows:

- 36           1. To lay on the table.
- 37           2. For the previous question.
- 38           3. To postpone indefinitely.
- 39           4. To postpone to a day certain.
- 40           5. To refer to a committee.
- 41           6. To reconsider.
- 42           7. To adopt.
- 43           8. To concur.
- 44           9. To take from the table.

## 1 10. Miscellaneous.

2 RULE 26. **Voice votes; call for ayes and noes.** – (a) When the electronic  
3 voting system is not used, all votes on which a call of the roll of the Senate is not  
4 required shall be taken by voice vote. The question shall be put as follows: "Those in  
5 favor say 'aye'," and, after the affirmative vote is expressed, "Opposed 'no'"; after which  
6 the Presiding Officer shall announce the result. If a division on any vote is desired, it  
7 must be called for immediately before the result of the voting is announced on any  
8 question, and upon such call, the Presiding Officer shall require the members to stand  
9 and be counted for and against the proposition under consideration.

10 (b) The ayes and the noes may be called for on any question before the  
11 vote is taken. If a Senator desires the ayes and noes recorded on the Journal on a  
12 question, that Senator shall address the Presiding Officer and obtain recognition and  
13 say, "Upon that question I call for the ayes and noes." Whereupon the Presiding Officer  
14 shall say, "Is the call sustained?" If one-fifth of the remaining Senators present then  
15 stand, the vote shall be taken on the electronic voting system if it is operative, and the  
16 ayes and noes shall be recorded on the Journal. If the electronic voting system is  
17 inoperative, the roll of the Senate shall be called and the ayes and noes taken manually  
18 and recorded on the Journal. If fewer than one-fifth of the Senators present stand to  
19 sustain the call, the Presiding Officer shall announce, "An insufficient number up" and a  
20 vote by electronic voting or by voice, whichever is appropriate under the Rules of the  
21 Senate, shall be taken.

22 RULE 27. **Pair votes.** – (a) If a Senator is paired with another Senator on a  
23 question, the Senator shall announce the pair as follows: " I desire to announce a pair. If  
24 Senator \_\_\_\_\_ were present, that Senator would vote \_\_\_\_\_; I would vote \_\_\_\_\_ (the  
25 opposite)." The Senator shall send forward at that time a written statement of the pair  
26 on a form provided by the Principal Clerk and neither member of the pair shall vote on  
27 the question. A pair shall be announced before the vote is taken viva voce, or if the  
28 electronic voting system is used, before the machine is unlocked. The Clerk shall record  
29 the pair on the Journal when the Constitution or Rules of the Senate require a call of the  
30 roll and shall record on the electronic system printout all pairs announced.

31 (b) This rule does not apply to committee or subcommittee proceedings.

32 RULE 28. **Dividing question.** – (a) If any question contains several distinct  
33 propositions, a Senator may move that the question be divided. The motion shall:

- 34 (1) Be in writing,  
35 (2) Be submitted to the Principal Clerk at the time the motion is made, and  
36 (3) Clearly state how the question is to be divided.

37 The motion shall be adopted by majority vote of the Senators present and voting.

38 (b) If the motion to divide the question is adopted, then there shall be no  
39 further amendment or debate on any of the distinct propositions.

40 (c) If the question is divided and any part thereof fails, then the bill or  
41 resolution and any pending amendments shall be removed from the calendar and  
42 re-referred to the committee from which the bill or resolution was reported.

43 (d) Only one motion to divide the question shall be in order during  
44 consideration of a bill or resolution.





1 Appropriations on General Government  
2 Appropriations on Health and Human Services  
3 Appropriations on Information Technology  
4 Appropriations on Justice and Public Safety  
5 Appropriations on Natural and Economic Resources  
6 Children & Human Resources  
7 Commerce  
8 Education/Higher Education  
9 Finance  
10 Health Care  
11 Information Technology  
12 Insurance and Consumer Protection  
13 Judiciary I  
14 Judiciary II  
15 Rural Development  
16 State and Local Government  
17 Pensions & Retirement and Aging  
18 Redistricting  
19 Rules and Operations of the Senate  
20 Transportation  
21 Ways & Means.

22 **RULE 33. Notice of committee meetings.** – (a) Public notice of all  
23 committee meetings shall be given in the Senate. The required notice may be waived as  
24 to any meeting by the attendance at that meeting of all of the members of the  
25 committee, or by personal waiver.

26 (b) The chair of the committee shall notify or cause to be notified the  
27 sponsor of each bill which is set for hearing or consideration before the committee as to  
28 the date, time, and place of that meeting.

29 (c) The published calendar shall reflect those committee notices received  
30 in the Office of the Principal Clerk prior to 3:30 P.M. or as announced in the daily  
31 session.

32 **RULE 34. Membership of committees; quorum.** – (a) Membership on  
33 standing committees shall consist of not more than 20 nor fewer than five Senators,  
34 including the chairs and vice-chairs and ranking minority members; provided that:

35 (1) The Appropriations/Base Budget and Finance Committee shall not be  
36 limited as to membership, and

37 (2) The Commerce Committee shall consist of 22 members.

38 The President Pro Tempore shall have the exclusive right and authority to determine the  
39 total number of members and the number of members of each political party of each  
40 committee. No Senator shall hold membership on more than 12 standing committees  
41 unless the Committee on Rules and Operations of the Senate provides otherwise.

42 A quorum of the Appropriations/Base Budget, Ways and Means, and Finance  
43 Committees shall consist of a majority of the committee. A quorum of any other

1 committee shall consist of either the chair and five members or a majority of the  
2 committee, whichever is fewer.

3 (b) The President Pro Tempore may serve as an ex officio member of each  
4 Senate committee and subcommittee.

5 **RULE 35. Roll call vote in committee.** – No roll call vote may be taken in  
6 any committee. The committee chair may vote in committee.

7 **RULE 36. Standing committee and standing subcommittee meetings.** –  
8 No committee or subcommittee shall hold a secret meeting. All meetings of committees  
9 and subcommittees shall be open to the public, except as provided in G.S.  
10 143-318.14A(e). In no event shall final action be taken by any committee or  
11 subcommittee except in open session.

12 **RULE 36.1. Committee minutes to Legislative Library.** – The chair of a  
13 committee shall ensure that written minutes are compiled for each of the committee's  
14 meetings. The minutes shall indicate the number of members present and the actions  
15 taken by the committee at the meeting. Not later than 30 days after the adjournment of  
16 each session of the General Assembly, the chair shall deliver the minutes to the  
17 Legislative Library. The President Pro Tempore of the Senate may grant a reasonable  
18 extension of time for filing said minutes upon application of the committee chair.

19 **RULE 37.** (Reserved for interim operations rule).

## 20 VI. HANDLING BILLS

21 **RULE 38. Application of rules.** – All provisions of these rules applying to  
22 bills shall apply also to resolutions, memorials, and petitions.

23 **RULE 39. Form and copies of bills.** – (a) Unless variation is authorized by  
24 the Committee on Rules and Operations of the Senate, bills submitted for introduction  
25 shall be in a computer-typed form prepared by the Legislative Services Office and  
26 approved by the Committee on Rules and Operations of the Senate.

27 (b) Whenever a bill is filed 25 copies shall be submitted to the Principal  
28 Clerk. Any bill submitted without the required number of copies shall be immediately  
29 returned to the primary sponsor.

30 **RULE 39.1. Public and local bills; availability of copies of bills.** – A public  
31 bill is a bill affecting 15 or more counties. A local bill is one affecting fewer than 15  
32 counties. No public bill and, upon objection by a member, no local bill may be  
33 considered unless copies of the bill have been made available to the entire membership  
34 of the Senate.

35 **RULE 40. Introduction of bills.** – (a) Every bill filed for introduction shall  
36 contain on the outside cover the title of the document and the name of the Senator or  
37 Senators presenting it. Bills shall be delivered by the primary sponsor of the document,  
38 or by that member's legislative assistant with the prescribed authorization form signed  
39 by the primary sponsor and by that member's legislative assistant to the Office of the  
40 Senate Principal Clerk who shall receive them during regular session according to the  
41 following schedule:

42 Monday until 30 minutes after adjournment; and

43 Any other day the Senate holds a session until 3:00 P.M.

1 All bills shall be numbered by the Office of the Principal Clerk when filed  
2 and shall be considered introduced when presented to the Senate on the next following  
3 legislative day for the first reading.

4 (b) All memorializing, celebration, commendation, and commemoration  
5 resolutions, except those which solely honor the memory of deceased persons or a North  
6 Carolina institution, or both, shall be excluded from introduction and consideration in  
7 the Senate.

8 **RULE 40.1. Deadlines on filing for introduction of bills and resolutions. –**

9 (a) All local bills and resolutions must be filed for introduction not later than  
10 Wednesday, March 14, 2001, provided that any such measure submitted to the Bill  
11 Drafting Division of the Legislative Services Office by 4:00 P.M. on that day and filed  
12 for introduction in the Senate before 3:00 P.M. on Wednesday, March 21, 2001, shall  
13 be treated as if it had been filed for introduction under this rule.

14 (b) All public bills and resolutions, except those honoring the memory of  
15 deceased persons or adjourning the General Assembly, must be filed for introduction  
16 not later than March 28, 2001, provided that any such measure submitted to the Bill  
17 Drafting Division of the Legislative Services Office by 4:00 P.M. on that day and filed  
18 for introduction in the Senate before 3:00 P.M. on Wednesday, April 4, 2001, shall be  
19 treated as if it had been filed for introduction under this rule.

20 (c) A two-thirds vote of the membership of the Senate present and voting  
21 shall be required to file for introduction any bill or resolution after the dates established  
22 by this rule.

23 (d) This rule shall not apply to any appropriations, finance, or local bills  
24 filed in reconvened session following the adjournment of the first year of the biennial  
25 session.

26 **RULE 41. Crossover bill deadline. –** In order to be eligible for consideration  
27 by the Senate during the 2001 or 2002 Regular Sessions of the 2001 General  
28 Assembly, all House bills other than those required to be referred to the Committee on  
29 Finance or the Committee on Appropriations/Base Budget by Rule 42, or adjournment  
30 resolutions must be received and read on the floor of the Senate as a message from the  
31 House no later than April 26, 2001, provided that a message from the House received  
32 by the next legislative day stating that a bill has passed its third reading and is being  
33 engrossed shall comply with the requirements of this rule and provided that the House  
34 accepts Senate bills ordered engrossed on the next legislative day.

35 **RULE 41.1. Relationship between Committee on Ways and Means and**  
36 **other committees dealing with money matters; relationship between these other**  
37 **committees dealing with money matters. –** In those instances specified herein, the  
38 Committee on Ways and Means shall have responsibility for final consideration of bills  
39 dealing with money matters before the bills are considered on the floor of the Senate.  
40 Upon the agreement of a chair of any two of the following committees:  
41 Appropriations/Base Budget, Finance, and Ways and Means, any bill which is reported  
42 favorably from the Committee on Appropriations/Base Budget, or the Committee on  
43 Finance shall be re-referred by the Presiding Officer to the Committee on Ways and  
44 Means for consideration. Bills referred to the Committee on Appropriations/Base

1 Budget pursuant to Rule 43 may be referred by the Chair of the Committee on  
2 Appropriations/Base Budget to the Appropriations Committee on the Department of  
3 Transportation, the Appropriations Committee on Education, the Appropriations  
4 Committee on General Government, the Appropriations Committee on Health and  
5 Human Resources, the Appropriations Committee on Information Technology, the  
6 Appropriations Committee on Justice and Public Safety, or the Appropriations  
7 Committee on Natural and Economic Resources for a report back to the Committee on  
8 Appropriations/Base Budget.

9 **RULE 42. Reference of appropriation and finance bills.** – (a) All bills  
10 introduced in the Senate providing for appropriations from the State, or any subdivision  
11 thereof, shall, before being considered by the Senate, be referred to the Committee on  
12 Appropriations/Base Budget and bills referred to other committees carrying any such  
13 provisions shall be reported to the Senate as being bills to be referred to the  
14 Appropriations/Base Budget Committee before proper action may be taken by the  
15 Senate.

16 (b) All bills introduced in the Senate providing for bond issues, imposing  
17 or raising fees or other revenues payable to the State, its agencies, its licensing boards,  
18 or any of its subdivisions, levying taxes, or in any manner affecting the taxing power of  
19 the State or any subdivision thereof, shall, before being considered by the Senate, be  
20 referred to the Committee on Finance, and bills referred to other committees carrying  
21 any such provisions shall be reported to the Senate as being bills to be referred to the  
22 Committee on Finance before proper action may be taken by the Senate.

23 (c) This rule shall not apply to bills imposing civil penalties, criminal  
24 fines, forfeitures, or penalties for infractions.

25 **RULE 42.1. Fiscal notes.** – (a) A Chair of the Appropriations/Base Budget  
26 Committee, or of the Finance Committee, or of the Rules and Operations of the Senate  
27 Committee, or of the Ways and Means Committee, upon the floor of the Senate, may  
28 request that a fiscal analysis be made of a bill, resolution, or an amendment to a bill or  
29 resolution which is in the possession of the Senate and that a fiscal note be attached to  
30 the measure, when in the opinion of that Chair the fiscal effects of that measure are not  
31 apparent from the language of the measure. No bill, resolution, or amendment for  
32 which a fiscal note has been requested may be considered for passage prior to the fiscal  
33 note being attached to it.

34 (b) The fiscal note shall be filed and attached to the bill, resolution, or  
35 amendment within two legislative days of the request. If it is impossible to prepare a  
36 fiscal note within two legislative days, the Director of Fiscal Research shall, in writing,  
37 so advise the Presiding Officer, the Principal Clerk, and the member introducing or  
38 proposing the measure and shall indicate the time when the fiscal note will be ready.

39 (c) The fiscal note shall be prepared by the Fiscal Research Division on a  
40 form approved by the Chair of the Rules and Operations of the Senate Committee as to  
41 content and form and signed by the staff member or members preparing it. If no  
42 estimate in dollars is possible, the fiscal note shall indicate the reasons that no estimate  
43 is provided. The fiscal note shall not comment on the merit but may identify technical

1 problems. The Fiscal Research Division shall make the fiscal note available to the  
2 membership of the Senate.

3 (d) A sponsor of a bill, resolution, or amendment may deliver a copy of  
4 that member's bill, resolution, or amendment to the Fiscal Research Division for the  
5 preparation of a fiscal note. The sponsor shall attach the fiscal note to the bill when the  
6 sponsor files the bill or resolution or to the amendment when the sponsor moves its  
7 adoption.

8 (e) The sponsor of a bill, resolution, or amendment to which a fiscal note  
9 is attached who objects to the estimates and information provided may reduce to writing  
10 the objections. These objections shall be appended to the fiscal note attached to the bill,  
11 resolution, or amendment and to the copies of the fiscal note available to the  
12 membership.

13 (f) Subsection (a) of this rule shall not apply to the Current Operations  
14 Appropriations Bill or the Capital Improvement Appropriations Bill. This rule shall not  
15 apply to a bill, resolution, or amendment requiring an actuarial note under these rules.

16 **RULE 42.2. Actuarial notes.** – (a) Every bill or resolution proposing any  
17 change in the law relative to any:

- 18 (1) State, municipal, or other retirement system funded in whole or in part  
19 out of public funds; or  
20 (2) Program of hospital, medical, disability, or related benefits provided  
21 for teachers and State employees, funded in whole or in part by State  
22 funds,

23 shall have attached to it at the time of its consideration by any committee a brief  
24 explanatory statement or note which shall include a reliable estimate of the financial and  
25 actuarial effect of the proposed change to that retirement or pension system. The  
26 actuarial note shall be attached to the jacket of each proposed bill or resolution which is  
27 reported favorably by any committee, shall be separate there from, and shall be clearly  
28 designated as an actuarial note. Upon its introduction, a bill described in subdivision  
29 (a)(1) of this rule shall be referred to the Committee on Pensions and Retirement and  
30 Aging.

31 (b) The sponsor of the bill or resolution shall present a copy of the  
32 measure, with the sponsor's request for an actuarial note, to the Fiscal Research  
33 Division which shall prepare the actuarial note as promptly as possible but not later than  
34 two weeks after the request is made. Actuarial notes shall be prepared in the order of  
35 receipt of request and shall be transmitted to the sponsor of the measure. The actuarial  
36 note of the Fiscal Research Division shall be prepared and signed by an actuary.

37 (c) The sponsor of the bill or resolution shall also present a copy of the  
38 measure to the chief administrative officer of the retirement or pension system affected  
39 by the measure. The chief administrative officer shall have an actuarial note prepared by  
40 the system's actuary on the measure and shall transmit the note to the sponsor of the  
41 measure not later than two weeks after the request is received. The actuarial note shall  
42 be attached to the jacket of the measure.

43 (d) The note shall be factual and shall, if possible, provide a reliable  
44 estimate of both the immediate effect and, if determinable, the long-range fiscal and

1 actuarial effect of the measure. If, after careful investigation, it is determined that no  
2 dollar estimate is possible, the note shall contain a statement to that effect, setting forth  
3 the reasons why no dollar estimate can be given. No comment or opinion shall be  
4 included in the actuarial note with regard to the merits of the measure for which the note  
5 is prepared. Technical and mechanical defects in the measure may be noted.

6 (e) When any committee reports a measure to which an actuarial note is  
7 attached at the time of committee consideration, with any amendment of such nature as  
8 would substantially affect the cost to or the revenues of any retirement or pension  
9 system, the chair of the committee reporting the measure shall obtain from the Fiscal  
10 Research Division an actuarial note of the fiscal and actuarial effect of the proposed  
11 amendment. The actuarial note shall be attached to the jacket of the measure. An  
12 amendment to any bill or resolution shall not be in order if the amendment affects the  
13 costs to or the revenues of a system or program described in subdivision (a)(1) of this  
14 rule, unless the amendment is accompanied by an actuarial note, prepared by the Fiscal  
15 Research Division, as to the actuarial effect of the amendment.

16 (f) The Fiscal Research Division shall make all relevant actuarial notes  
17 available to the membership of the Senate.

18 **RULE 42.3. Assessment reports.** – (a) Licensing or Registration Boards.  
19 Every legislative proposal introduced in the Senate proposing the establishment of an  
20 occupational or professional licensing or registration board or a study for the need to  
21 establish such a board shall have attached to the jacket of the original bill at the time of  
22 its consideration on second or third readings by the Senate or by any committee of the  
23 Senate prior to a favorable report, an assessment report from the Legislative Committee  
24 on New Licensing Boards, pursuant to Article 18A of Chapter 120 of the General  
25 Statutes. The assessment report shall not constitute any part of the expression of  
26 legislative intent proposed by the formation of a licensing board.

27 Upon receipt of the request, the Legislative Committee on New Licensing  
28 Boards shall prepare and return the assessment report as soon as possible but not later  
29 than 60 days, reserving the right to extend this time to 90 days. A supplementary report  
30 shall be prepared and submitted to the requesting Senator not later than 30 days after the  
31 receipt of the request.

32 (b) Municipal Incorporations. Every legislative proposal introduced in the  
33 Senate, or received in the Senate from the House, proposing the incorporation of a  
34 municipality shall have attached to the jacket of the original bill at the time of its  
35 consideration on second or third readings by the Senate or by any committee of the  
36 Senate prior to a favorable report, a recommendation from the Joint Legislative  
37 Commission on Municipal Incorporations, established by Article 20 of Chapter 120 of  
38 the General Statutes. The recommendation of the Joint Legislative Commission on  
39 Municipal Incorporations shall be made in accordance with the provisions and criteria  
40 set forth in Article 20 of Chapter 120 of the General Statutes and shall include the  
41 findings required to be made by G.S. 120-166 through G.S. 120-170.

42 **RULE 42.3A. Proposed increases in incarceration.** – (a) Every bill,  
43 amendment, and resolution proposing any change in the law that could cause a net  
44 increase in the length of time for which persons are incarcerated or the number of

1 persons incarcerated, whether by increasing penalties for violating existing laws, by  
2 criminalizing behavior, or by any other means, shall have attached to it at the time of its  
3 consideration by the Senate a fiscal note prepared by the Fiscal Research Division. The  
4 fiscal note shall be prepared in consultation with the Sentencing Policy and Advisory  
5 Commission and shall identify and estimate, for the first five fiscal years the proposed  
6 change would be in effect, all costs of the proposed net increase in incarceration,  
7 including capital outlay costs if the legislation would require increased cell space. If,  
8 after careful investigation, the Fiscal Research Division determines that no dollar  
9 estimate is possible, the note shall contain a statement to that effect, setting forth the  
10 reasons why no dollar estimate can be given. No comment or opinion shall be included  
11 in the fiscal note with regard to the merits of the measure for which the note is prepared.  
12 However, technical and mechanical defects may be noted.

13 (b) The sponsor of each bill, amendment, or resolution to which this  
14 subsection applies shall present a copy of the bill, amendment, or resolution with the  
15 request for a fiscal note to the Fiscal Research Division. Upon receipt of the request and  
16 the copy of the bill, amendment, or resolution, the Fiscal Research Division shall  
17 prepare the fiscal note as promptly as possible. The Fiscal Research Division shall  
18 prepare the fiscal note and transmit it to the sponsor within two weeks after the request  
19 is made, unless the sponsor agrees to an extension of time.

20 (c) This fiscal note shall be attached to the original of each proposed bill,  
21 amendment, or resolution that is reported favorably by any committee, but shall be  
22 separate from the bill, amendment, or resolution and shall be clearly designated as a  
23 fiscal note. A fiscal note attached to a bill, amendment, or resolution pursuant to this  
24 subsection is not a part of the bill, amendment, or resolution and is not an expression of  
25 legislative intent proposed by the bill, amendment, or resolution.

26 (d) If a committee reports favorably a proposed bill or resolution with an  
27 amendment that proposes a change in the law that could cause a net increase in the  
28 length of time for which persons are incarcerated or the number of persons incarcerated,  
29 whether by increasing penalties for violating existing laws, by criminalizing behavior,  
30 or by any other means, the chair of the committee shall obtain from the Fiscal Research  
31 Division and attach to the amended bill or resolution a fiscal note as provided in this  
32 section.

33 **RULE 42.4. Content of appropriations bills.** – (a) No provision changing  
34 existing law shall be contained in any of the following bills: (i) the Current Operations  
35 Appropriations Bill; (ii) the Capital Improvement Appropriations Bill; (iii) any bill  
36 generally revising appropriations for the second fiscal year of a biennium.

37 (b) No amendment to any bill listed in subsection (a) of this rule shall be  
38 in order if the language is prohibited by that subsection.

39 (c) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b) of this section, any of the bills  
40 listed in subsection (a) of this section or an amendment to such bill may change existing  
41 law if the change:

42 (1) Alters expenditures or salaries;

43 (2) Changes the scope or character of a program which must be reduced,  
44 increased, or changed because of an increase or decrease of funds



1                   appropriated for the program or because of changes in federal law or  
2                   regulation; or

3           (3)       Modifies any function of State government which necessitates a  
4                   transfer of funds from one department to another;

5       provided, that for a provision to be in order under this subsection, it must be  
6       recommended to the General Assembly in a written report adopted by the  
7       Appropriations/Base Budget Committee before or at the same time the bill is reported,  
8       or if such provision is contained in a floor amendment, the sponsor of the amendment  
9       must present to the Principal Clerk at or before the time the amendment is offered an  
10       explanation of the amendment for distribution to each member of the Senate.

11           **RULE 42.5. Appropriations/Base Budget Committee meetings.** –  
12       Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 143-14, and pursuant to the last sentence  
13       thereof, the Appropriations/Base Budget Cochairs may in their exclusive discretion  
14       direct that the Appropriations/Base Budget Committee or its subcommittees or both  
15       may consider the budget and the budget plan including all appropriations in separate  
16       meetings from the House of Representatives and may do all things set forth in said  
17       statute separately from the House of Representatives.

18           **RULE 43. First reading; reference to committee.** – All bills filed for  
19       introduction and all House bills received in the office of the Principal Clerk not later  
20       than one and one-half hours preceding the convening of the Senate, upon presentation to  
21       the Senate, shall be read in regular order of business by their number and title which  
22       shall constitute the first reading of the bill. The Chair of the Committee on Rules and  
23       Operations of the Senate or, in the Chair's absence, the Vice-Chair of the Committee  
24       shall refer to a Senate committee all bills introduced in the Senate or received from the  
25       House of Representatives. Upon the referral being made, the Chair of the Committee on  
26       Rules and Operations of the Senate shall notify the Principal Clerk of the Senate of the  
27       referral, and the Reading Clerk shall announce the referral of the bill. The Principal  
28       Clerk shall inform the Presiding Officer of the referral. The title and referral shall be  
29       entered upon the Journal.

30           Bills may be referred to more than one committee serially, i.e. "S.B.  
31       \_\_\_\_\_ is referred to the Committee on Finance and upon a favorable report referred  
32       to the Appropriations/Base Budget Committee."

33           **RULE 44. Bills to receive three readings.** – Every bill shall receive three  
34       readings before being passed, and the Presiding Officer shall give notice at each reading  
35       whether it be the first, second, or third. The Reading Clerk shall announce the referral as  
36       set forth in Rule 43. No bill shall be amended upon the floor of the Senate, except under  
37       Rule 45.1, until it has been twice read. Senate simple resolutions shall not require three  
38       readings.

39           **RULE 45. Reports of committees.** – Every Senator presenting a report of a  
40       committee shall endorse the report with the name of the committee and, in case of a  
41       minority report, with the names of the members making the report. The report of the  
42       committee shall show that a quorum of the committee was present and a majority of  
43       those present voted in favor of the report. Every report of the committee upon a bill or

1 resolution shall stand upon the general orders with the bill or resolution. No committee  
2 shall report a bill or resolution without prejudice.

3 **RULE 45.1. Action on amendment or committee substitute.** – If any  
4 committee recommends adoption of an amendment or committee substitute of a bill or  
5 resolution, the amendment or committee substitute shall be considered adopted upon the  
6 reading of the committee report and shall be engrossed. The bill or resolution, as  
7 amended, or its adopted committee substitute shall be placed on the calendar for the  
8 next legislative day or re-referred if the bill or resolution was serially referred. The  
9 committee substitute's original bill or resolution shall lie on the table.

10 Notwithstanding any other provision of this rule, a committee substitute for a  
11 simple resolution shall be placed on the calendar for the next legislative day for a vote  
12 on its adoption.

13 **RULE 46. Unfavorable report by committee.** – (a) All bills reported  
14 unfavorably by the committee to which they were referred, and having no minority  
15 report, shall lie upon the table, but may be taken from the table and placed upon the  
16 calendar by a two-thirds vote of the membership of the Senate present and voting.

17 (b) When a bill is reported by a committee with an unfavorable report, but  
18 accompanied by a minority report, signed by at least three members of the committee  
19 who were present and who voted on the bill when the bill was considered in committee,  
20 then the minority report shall be placed on the calendar and considered the following  
21 day, and the question before the Senate shall be "The adoption of the minority report."  
22 If the minority report is adopted by a majority vote of the membership of the Senate, the  
23 bill shall be placed upon the calendar; if the minority report is not adopted, the bill shall  
24 lie upon the table.

25 **RULE 47. Recall of bill from committee and discharge petition.** – (a)  
26 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, only the President Pro Tempore, the Chair of  
27 the Committee on Rules and Operations of the Senate, or the chair of a committee to  
28 which a bill or other matter is assigned may, with the consent of a majority of the  
29 membership of the Senate present and voting, recall the measure to be referred to  
30 another committee or the floor.

31 (b) A motion to discharge a committee from consideration of a bill or  
32 resolution may be filed with the Principal Clerk if accompanied by a petition signed by  
33 three-fifths of the members of the Senate asking that the committee be discharged from  
34 further consideration of the bill or resolution. No petition may be circulated for  
35 signatures until 10 legislative days after the bill has been referred to the committee. No  
36 petition may be circulated for signature until notice has been given on the floor of the  
37 Senate that the petition is to be circulated. If such a motion accompanied by a valid  
38 petition is filed, the Principal Clerk shall place that motion on the calendar for the next  
39 legislative day as a special order of business. If the motion is adopted by a majority of  
40 the Senate, then the committee to which the bill or resolution has been referred is  
41 discharged from further consideration of the bill or resolution, and that bill or resolution  
42 is placed on the calendar for the next legislative day as a special order of business. If the  
43 committee had, prior to discharge, adopted any amendment or committee substitute for  
44 the bill, it shall be in order to offer that amendment or substitute on the floor as if it

1 were a committee amendment or substitute. The Principal Clerk shall provide a form for  
2 discharge petitions.

3 (c) This rule shall not be temporarily suspended.

4 **RULE 48. Calendar; order to be followed.** – The Presiding Officer and the  
5 Principal Clerk of the Senate shall see that all bills are acted upon by the Senate in the  
6 order in which they stand upon the calendar, unless otherwise ordered as hereinafter  
7 provided. The published calendar shall include all bills reported favorably from  
8 committees, or reported with a minority report attached, or placed on the calendar on  
9 motion, and shall include the bill number and short title of each bill on the calendar.

10 **RULE 49.** (Reserved).

11 **RULE 50. Third reading requirements.** – No bill on its third reading shall  
12 be acted upon out of the regular order in which it stands on the calendar, and no bill  
13 shall be acted upon on its third reading the same day on which it passed its second  
14 reading, unless so ordered by two-thirds of the membership of the Senate present and  
15 voting.

16 **RULE 51. Special orders.** – Any bill or other matter in consideration before  
17 the Senate may be made a special order for a subsequent day or hour by a vote of the  
18 majority of the Senators voting, and if action on the bill is not completed on that day, it  
19 shall be returned to its place on the calendar, unless it is made a special order for  
20 another day; and when a special order is under consideration it shall take precedence  
21 over any special order or subsequent order for the day, but such subsequent order may  
22 be taken up immediately after the previous special order has been disposed of.

23 **RULE 52. Procedure when necessary number of Senators not present.** –  
24 If, on taking the question on a bill, it appears that a constitutional quorum is not present,  
25 or if the bill requires a vote of a certain proportion of all the Senators to pass it, and it  
26 appears that such number is not present, the bill shall be again read and the question  
27 taken thereon; if the bill fails a second time for the want of the necessary number being  
28 present and voting, the bill shall not be finally lost, but shall be returned to the calendar  
29 in its proper order.

30 **RULE 53. Effect of defeated measure.** – (a) After a bill has been tabled, or  
31 has failed to pass on any of its readings, the contents of such bill or the principal  
32 provisions of its subject matter shall not be embodied in any other measure. After an  
33 amendment has been tabled or defeated on the Senate floor, the contents of such  
34 amendment or the principal provisions of its subject matter shall not be embodied in any  
35 other measure. If a substitute amendment is adopted on the floor, the contents of the  
36 previously pending amendment which are not contained in the substitute shall be  
37 considered to have been defeated. Upon the point of order being raised and sustained by  
38 the Presiding Officer, such measure shall be laid upon the table and shall not be taken  
39 therefrom except by a vote of two-thirds of the membership of the Senate present and  
40 voting: Provided, no local bill shall be held by the Presiding Officer as embodying the  
41 provisions, or being identical with any statewide measure which has been laid upon the  
42 table or failed to pass any of its readings.

1 (b) When a bill has been postponed indefinitely by the Senate, the bill  
2 shall lie upon the table and shall not be taken therefrom except by a vote of two-thirds  
3 of the membership of the Senate present and voting.

4 **RULE 54. Taking bill from table.** – No bill which has been laid upon the  
5 table shall be taken therefrom except by a vote of two-thirds of the membership of the  
6 Senate present and voting.

7 **RULE 54.1. Bill title.** – The title of each bill shall adequately and fairly  
8 reflect its subject matter.

9 **RULE 55. Amending titles of bills.** – When a bill is materially modified or  
10 the scope of its application extended or decreased, or if the county or counties to which  
11 it applies is changed, the title of the bill shall be changed by the Senator introducing the  
12 bill or by the committee having it in charge, or by the Principal Clerk, so as to indicate  
13 the full purport of the bill as amended and the county or counties to which it applies.

14 **RULE 56. Corrections of typographical errors in bills.** – The Enrolling  
15 Clerk is authorized to make corrections of typographical errors in the text of bills at any  
16 time prior to ratification. Before the correction is made, the Enrolling Clerk shall have  
17 the approval of the Chair of the Committee on Rules and Operations of the Senate or, in  
18 his absence, the Vice-Chair of said Committee.

19 **RULE 56.1. Amendments and committee substitutes adopted by the**  
20 **House to bills originating in the Senate.** – (a) Whenever the House has adopted an  
21 amendment or a committee substitute for a bill originating in the Senate, and has  
22 returned the bill to the Senate for concurrence in that amendment or committee  
23 substitute, the Senate may not concur in that amendment or committee substitute until  
24 the next legislative day following the day on which the Senate receives that measure.

25 (b) The Chair of the Rules and Operations Committee of the Senate may,  
26 or upon motion supported by a majority of the Senate present and voting shall refer the  
27 bill to an appropriate committee for consideration of the amendment or committee  
28 substitute.

29 (c) The Presiding Officer shall, in placing the bill on the calendar, rule  
30 whether the amendment or committee substitute is a material amendment under Article  
31 II, Section 23, of the State's Constitution. If the measure is referred to committee, the  
32 committee shall:

33 (1) Report the bill with the recommendation either that the Senate do  
34 concur or that the Senate do not concur; and

35 (2) Advise the Presiding Officer as to whether or not the amendment or  
36 committee substitute is a material amendment under Article II, Section  
37 23, of the State's Constitution.

38 (d) If the amendment or committee substitute for a bill is not a material  
39 amendment, the question before the Senate shall be concurrence. In the event there is  
40 more than one House amendment, the question shall be concurrence in all the House  
41 amendments and the question may not be divided, notwithstanding Rule 28. The  
42 question which shall be put before the Senate by the Presiding Officer shall be: "Does  
43 the Senate concur in the House amendments (committee substitute) to S.B. \_\_\_?"

1 (e) If the amendment or committee substitute for a bill is a material  
2 amendment, the receiving of that bill on messages shall constitute first reading and the  
3 question before the Senate shall be concurrence on second reading. If the motion is  
4 passed, the question then shall be concurrence on third reading on the next legislative  
5 day.

6 (f) No committee substitute adopted by the House to a bill originating in  
7 the Senate may be amended by the Senate.

8 **RULE 57. Conference committee.** – Whenever the Senate fails to concur in  
9 amendments or committee substitutes put by the House to a bill originating in the  
10 Senate, or whenever the House of Representatives fails to concur in amendments or  
11 committee substitutes put by the Senate to a bill originating in the House, a conference  
12 committee shall be appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate or in the  
13 President Pro Tempore's absence the Deputy President Pro Tempore, upon motion, and  
14 the bill under consideration shall thereupon go to and be considered by the joint  
15 conferees on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives. Senate conferees shall  
16 include the primary sponsor of the bill. In considering matters in difference between the  
17 Senate and House committed to the conferees, only such matters as are in difference  
18 between the two houses shall be considered by the conferees, and the conference report  
19 shall deal only with such matters. In conference committee, the Senate's position shall  
20 be determined by a majority of the Senate conferees. The conference report shall not be  
21 amended.

22 **RULE 57.1. Germaneness of amendment.** – All amendments and committee  
23 substitutes shall be germane to the subject matter of the bill. The question of  
24 germaneness is in order at any time the measure is before the body prior to final action  
25 on the measure.

26 **RULE 58. Certification of passage of bills.** – The Principal Clerk shall  
27 certify the passage of bills by the Senate, with the date thereof, together with the fact  
28 whether passed by vote of three-fifths or two-thirds of the membership of the Senate  
29 present and voting, whenever such vote may be required by the Constitution or laws of  
30 the State.

31 **RULE 59. Transmittal of bills to House.** – No bill shall be sent from the  
32 Senate on the day of its passage except on the last day of the session, unless otherwise  
33 ordered by a vote of two-thirds of the membership of the Senate present and voting.

34 **RULE 59.1. Engrossment.** – Bills and resolutions, except those making  
35 appropriations, which originate in the Senate and which are amended shall be engrossed  
36 before being sent to the House.

37 **RULE 59.2. Vetoed Bills.** – (a) The Principal Clerk is designated the Senate  
38 Officer to receive bills vetoed by the Governor. The veto message shall be read in the  
39 Senate on the next legislative day following its receipt by the Principal Clerk.

40 (b) Upon a veto message being read in the Senate, the Chair of the  
41 Committee on Rules and Operations of the Senate shall either refer the bill and the  
42 Governor's objections and veto message to committee or place the bill on the calendar  
43 for a day certain.

## 44 VII. LEGISLATIVE OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

1           **RULE 60. Pages.** – (a) The President Pro Tempore of the Senate shall  
2 appoint pages. The President Pro Tempore, or such person as the President Pro Tempore  
3 may designate, shall supervise the pages and assign to them their duties. Each page shall  
4 be at least 15 years of age or be in the ninth grade at the time of service.

5           (b) Members may designate honorary pages by a statement delivered to  
6 the Principal Clerk who will have a certificate issued therefor.

7           **RULE 61. Sergeants-at-Arms.** – (a) There shall be 15 positions of Assistant  
8 Sergeants-at-Arms to be appointed, upon the recommendation of the President Pro  
9 Tempore, by the Sergeant-at-Arms who are to work under his or her supervision and to  
10 be assigned such duties and powers as he or she shall direct.

11           (b) The Sergeant-at-Arms shall be responsible for the safety of the  
12 members and employees of the Senate while in the Senate Chamber, or any place in  
13 which the Senate or its committees are in session.

14           (c) The Sergeant-at-Arms shall serve all warrants and subpoenas issued by  
15 orders of the Senate and signed by the Presiding Officer of the Senate, and said warrants  
16 and subpoenas shall be returnable to the Principal Clerk of the Senate.

17           **RULE 62. Principal Clerk's staff.** – The Principal Clerk of the Senate shall  
18 employ all necessary employees and clerks required to carry out the duties of that  
19 office. The Principal Clerk shall have supervision and control, and shall assign such  
20 duties and powers as the Principal Clerk shall direct to the employees and clerks of  
21 that office.

22           **RULE 63. Committee assistants and legislative assistants.** – (a) Each  
23 committee shall have a committee assistant. The committee assistant to a committee  
24 shall serve as legislative assistant to the chair of that committee.

25           (b) Each member shall be assigned a legislative assistant, unless that  
26 member has a committee assistant to serve as that member's legislative assistant.

27           (c) The selection of committee assistants, legislative assistants, and office  
28 assistants shall be the prerogative of the individual member. Such committee assistants  
29 and legislative assistants shall file initial applications for employment with the Director  
30 of Legislative Assistants and shall receive compensation as prescribed by the  
31 Legislative Services Commission. The employment period of committee assistants,  
32 legislative assistants, and office assistants shall comply with the period as established by  
33 the Legislative Services Commission unless employment for an extended period is  
34 approved by the President Pro Tempore. The committee assistants, legislative assistants,  
35 and office assistants shall adhere to such uniform regulations and other conditions of  
36 employment (including retention) under the direction of the Director of Senate  
37 Legislative Assistants as the Committee on Rules and Operations of the Senate shall  
38 adopt.

39           (d) The Director of Senate Legislative Assistants and any assistants shall  
40 be appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.

41           **RULE 64. Senate Journal.** – The Principal Clerk shall prepare and be  
42 responsible for the Journal. The President Pro Tempore or, in the President Pro  
43 Tempore's absence, the Deputy President Pro Tempore shall examine the Journal to  
44 determine if the proceedings of the previous day have been correctly recorded.



1 media, and the President Pro Tempore shall provide regulations for the operation of the  
2 representatives of the news media on the floor of the Senate.

3 **RULE 70. Absence without leave.** – No Senator or officer of the Senate shall  
4 depart the service of the Senate without leave, or receive pay as a Senator or officer for  
5 the time absent without leave.

6 **RULE 71. Placing material on Senators' desks or in Senators' offices.** –  
7 Any person other than a member of the Senate or an employee of the General Assembly  
8 desiring to place articles of any kind on or about desks in the Senate Chamber or in the  
9 offices of the members of the Senate shall make written application to and obtain  
10 written approval from the Principal Clerk.

11 **RULE 72. Assignment of seats; offices.** – (a) The President Pro Tempore of  
12 the Senate shall assign seats in the Senate Chamber to the members elected. The  
13 President Pro Tempore, when assigning seats, shall give preferential consideration to  
14 the respective members according to the length of service which each member has  
15 rendered in the Senate. No incumbent appointed to fill an unexpired term in the  
16 immediate preceding session shall retain the seat if requested by a Senator elected to  
17 said session.

18 (b) Not later than two weeks after the initial committee assignments  
19 become final, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate is authorized to make  
20 assignments of committee rooms and offices to designated committees, chairs, and  
21 members of the Senate. In making such assignments of individual offices, the President  
22 Pro Tempore may give preferential consideration to the respective members according  
23 to the length of service which each member has rendered in the Senate.

24 **RULE 73. Administrative rules and regulations involving Senate**  
25 **employees.** – All administrative rules, regulations, and orders involving all individuals  
26 employed to perform duties for the Senate, other than those appointed by the Principal  
27 Clerk and the Sergeant-at-Arms, shall be first approved by the Committee on Rules and  
28 Operations of the Senate.

29 **RULE 74. Public hearings.** – Any Senator may request in writing a public  
30 hearing by the committee considering the bill on a public bill. Requests may be granted  
31 in the discretion of the chair. Notice shall be given not less than five calendar days prior  
32 to public hearings. Such notices shall be issued as information for the press and the  
33 information shall be posted in the places designated by the Principal Clerk.

34 **RULE 75. Public hearings, filing of written statements.** – Persons desiring  
35 to appear and be heard at a public hearing are encouraged to file with the chair of the  
36 committee a brief or a written statement of the remarks to be made at least 24 hours  
37 before the time of the hearing.

38 **RULE 76. Voting in joint sessions.** – When the Senate sits jointly with the  
39 House, either in committee or in joint session, the Senate reserves the right to vote  
40 separately.

41 **RULE 77. Alterations, suspension or rescission of rules.** – (a) These rules  
42 may not be permanently rescinded or altered except by Senate simple resolution passed  
43 by a two-thirds vote of the membership of the Senate. The introducer of the resolution



1 must, on the floor of the Senate, give notice of the intent to introduce the resolution on  
2 the legislative day preceding its introduction.

3 (b) Except as otherwise provided herein, the Senate, upon two-thirds vote  
4 of the membership of the Senate present and voting, may temporarily suspend any of  
5 these rules.

6 **SECTION 2.** This resolution is effective upon adoption.