GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

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SENATE BILL 882

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Judiciary I Committee Substitute Adopted 5/5/09 Third Edition Engrossed 5/12/09

Short Title	e:	Statute of Repose/Products Liability.	(Public)
Sponsors:			
Referred to	o:		
		March 26, 2009	
IN PR	ODUral As SEC	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED CLARIFY AND REFORM THE STATUTES OF LIMITATE CT LIABILITY ACTIONS. Seembly of North Carolina enacts: CTION 1. G.S. 1-50 reads as rewritten: ears. hin six years an action —	ION AND REPOSE
	 (6)	No action for the recovery of damages for personal injuto property based upon or arising out of any alleged deferelation to a product shall be brought more than six ye initial purchase for use or consumption.	ect or any failure in
	• • • •	CTION 2. G.S. 99B-2 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 99B-2.	Sell	er's opportunity to inspect; privity requirements for war	ranty claims.
the family the buyer of the product of the grown section to	A-103 of the buyed duct is unds SE() read:	aimant who is a buyer, <u>or a lessee</u> as defined in the Uniform 8(1)(n), of the product involved, or who is a member or a gree buyer, buyer or lessee, a guest of the buyer, buyer or lessee or or lessee may bring a product liability action directly again nowlved for breach of implied warranty; and the lack of privator the dismissal of such action." CTION 3. Chapter 99B of the General Statutes is amended.	uest of a member of e, or an employee of nst the manufacturer vity of contract shall
" <u>§ 99B-7.</u>		itation of actions; statute of repose.	
(a) commenci North Care	ng p	purpose of this section is to define in a single statute roduct liability actions and to protect the citizens, manufact	
(b) within three (c) commence	All ee ye All ed wi	product liability actions, except those for wrongful death, sars of the date on which the property damage or injury comp product liability actions for wrongful death under G.S. thin two years of the date of death, so long as the decedered on the date of death by the provisions of subsections	lained of occurs. 28A-18-2 shall be nt's claim would not



- (d) Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, all product liability actions against manufacturers shall be commenced as follows:
 - (1) For products manufactured in North Carolina, within six years after the date the product that allegedly caused the property damage, injury, or death was first sold or leased for use or consumption.
 - (2) For products manufactured outside North Carolina, within the time allowed by the applicable statute of repose, if any, of the state or country where the product was manufactured, but in no event less than six years after the date the product that allegedly caused the property damage, injury, or death was first sold or leased for use or consumption. If the state or country where the product was manufactured does not have an applicable statute of repose, then the only limitations upon the commencement of a product liability action shall be as set forth in subsections (b) and (c) of this section.
- (e) Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, all product liability actions against sellers shall be commenced as follows:
 - (1) For products sold or leased by the defendant seller in North Carolina, within six years after the date the product that allegedly caused the property damage, injury, or death was first sold or leased for use or consumption.
 - (2) For products sold or leased by the defendant seller outside North Carolina, within the time allowed by the applicable statute of repose, if any, of the state or country where the seller sold or leased the product, but in no event less than six years after the date the product that allegedly caused the property damage, injury, or death was first sold or leased for use or consumption. If the state or country where the seller sold or leased the product does not have an applicable statute of repose, then the only limitations upon the commencement of a product liability action shall be as set forth in subsections (b) and (c) of this section.
- (f) The statutes of limitation and repose for product liability actions shall be subject to the tolling provisions of G.S. 1-17 and G.S. 1-22."

SECTION 4. This act becomes effective October 1, 2009, and applies to causes of action that accrue on or after that date. This act shall not effect the application of G.S. 1-50(5), and is not intended to abrogate *Wilder v. Amatex Corp.*, 314 N.C. 550 (1985) or *Hyer v. Pittsburg Corning Corp.* 790 F.2d 30 (1986).