

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
SESSION 2023

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HOUSE BILL 213

Short Title: Indian Trail/Stallings Occupancy Tax Auth. (Local)

Sponsors: Representatives Arp and Willis (Primary Sponsors).

For a complete list of sponsors, refer to the North Carolina General Assembly web site.

Referred to: Local Government, if favorable, Finance, if favorable, Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House

March 1, 2023

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2 AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE TOWN OF INDIAN TRAIL AND A PORTION OF THE
3 TOWN OF STALLINGS TO LEVY AN OCCUPANCY TAX.

4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

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6 **PART I. INDIAN TRAIL OCCUPANCY TAX**

7 **SECTION 1.(a)** Occupancy tax. – Authorization and Scope. – The Town Council of
8 the Town of Indian Trail may levy a room occupancy tax of up to five percent (5%) of the gross
9 receipts derived from the rental of any room, lodging, or accommodation furnished by a hotel,
10 motel, inn, tourist camp, or similar place within the town that is subject to sales tax imposed by
11 the State under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(3). This tax is in addition to any State or local sales tax.

12 **SECTION 1.(b)** Applicable to the Town of Indian Trail only, G.S. 160A-215 reads
13 as rewritten:

14 "**§ 160A-215. Uniform provisions for room occupancy taxes.**

15 ...
16 (b) Levy. – A room occupancy tax may be levied ~~only by resolution, after not less than~~
17 ~~10 days' public notice and after a public hearing held pursuant thereto as provided in this~~
18 ~~subsection only if all of the following conditions are met:~~

19 (1) The Town Council of the Town of Indian Trail directs the county board of
20 elections to conduct an advisory referendum on the question of whether to
21 levy the room occupancy tax authorized in this subsection.

22 (2) The election is held in accordance with the procedures of G.S. 163-287, and
23 the form of the question to be presented on the ballot concerning the room
24 occupancy tax authorized by this subsection is as follows:

25 "[] FOR [] AGAINST

26 The levy of a room occupancy tax in the amount of up to five percent (5%) of
27 the gross receipts derived from the rental of any room, lodging, or
28 accommodation furnished by a hotel, motel, or similar place."

29 (3) A majority of those voting in the referendum vote for the levy of the room
30 occupancy tax authorized in this subsection.

31 (4) The Town Council of the Town of Indian Trail, by resolution and after 10
32 days' public notice, levies the room occupancy tax authorized in this
33 subsection.



1 A room occupancy tax shall become effective on the date specified in the resolution levying
2 the tax. That date must be the first day of a calendar month, however, and may not be earlier than
3 the first day of the second month after the date the resolution is adopted.

4 (b1) Rate Increase. – The Town Council of the Town of Indian Trail may, by resolution
5 and after not less than 10 days' public notice and a public hearing, increase the rate of the tax to
6 a rate not in excess of that approved in an election held pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.
7"

8 **SECTION 1.(b1) Administration.** – A tax levied under this section shall be
9 administered, collected, and repealed as provided in G.S. 160A-215. The penalties provided in
10 G.S. 160A-215 apply to a tax levied under this section.

11 **SECTION 1.(c) Distribution and Use of Tax Revenue.** – The Town of Indian Trail
12 shall, on a quarterly basis, remit the net proceeds of the occupancy tax to the Indian Trail Tourism
13 Development Authority. The Authority shall use at least two-thirds of the funds remitted to it
14 under this subsection to promote travel and tourism in the Town of Indian Trail and shall use the
15 remainder for tourism-related expenditures.

16 The following definitions apply in this section:

- 17 (1) Net proceeds. – Gross proceeds less the cost to the town of administering and
18 collecting the tax, as determined by the finance officer, not to exceed three
19 percent (3%) of the first five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) of gross
20 proceeds collected each year and one percent (1%) of the remaining gross
21 proceeds collected each year.
- 22 (2) Promote travel and tourism. – To advertise or market an area or activity,
23 publish and distribute pamphlets and other materials, conduct market research,
24 or engage in similar promotional activities that attract tourists or business
25 travelers to the area. The term includes administrative expenses incurred in
26 engaging in the listed activities.
- 27 (3) Tourism-related expenditures. – Expenditures that, in the judgment of the
28 Indian Trail Tourism Development Authority, are designed to increase the use
29 of lodging facilities, meeting facilities, or convention facilities in the town or
30 to attract tourists or business travelers to the town. The term includes
31 tourism-related capital expenditures.

32 **SECTION 1.(d) Tourism Development Authority.** – Appointment and Membership.
33 – When the Town Council adopts a resolution levying a room occupancy tax under this section,
34 it shall also adopt a resolution creating the Indian Trail Tourism Development Authority, which
35 shall be a public authority under the Local Government Budget and Fiscal Control Act. The
36 resolution shall provide for the membership of the Authority, including the members' terms of
37 office, and for the filling of vacancies on the Authority. At least one-third of the members shall
38 be individuals who are affiliated with businesses that collect the tax in the town, and at least
39 one-half of the members shall be individuals who are currently active in the promotion of travel
40 and tourism in the town. The Town Council shall designate one member of the Authority as chair
41 and shall determine the compensation, if any, to be paid to members of the Authority.

42 The Authority shall meet at the call of the chair and shall adopt rules of procedure to
43 govern its meetings. The finance officer for the Town of Indian Trail shall be the ex officio
44 finance officer of the Authority.

45 **SECTION 1.(e) Duties.** – The Authority shall expend the net proceeds of the tax
46 levied under this section for the purposes provided in subsection (c) of this section. The Authority
47 shall promote travel, tourism, and conventions in the town; sponsor tourist-related events and
48 activities in the town; and finance tourist-related capital projects in the town.

49 **SECTION 1.(f) Reports.** – The Authority shall report quarterly and at the close of
50 the fiscal year to the Indian Trail Town Council on its receipts and expenditures for the preceding
51 quarter and for the year in such detail as the Town Council may require.

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2 **PART II. STALLINGS OCCUPANCY TAX**

3 **SECTION 2.1.** Stallings District S Created. – Stallings District S is created as a
4 taxing district. Its jurisdiction consists of only that part of the Town of Stallings that is located
5 within Union County. Stallings District S is a body politic and corporate and has the power to
6 carry out the provisions of this Part. The Stallings Town Council shall serve ex officio as the
7 governing body of the district, and the officers of the city shall serve as the officers of the
8 governing body of the district. A simple majority of the governing body constitutes a quorum,
9 and approval by a majority of those present is sufficient to determine any matter before the
10 governing body, if a quorum is present.

11 **SECTION 2.2.(a)** Occupancy tax. – Authorization and Scope. – The governing body
12 of Stallings District S may levy a room occupancy tax of up to five percent (5%) of the gross
13 receipts derived from the rental of any room, lodging, or accommodation furnished by a hotel,
14 motel, inn, tourist camp, or similar place within the district that is subject to sales tax imposed
15 by the State under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(3). This tax is in addition to any State or local sales tax.

16 **SECTION 2.2.(b)** Applicable to Stallings District S only, G.S. 160A-215 reads as
17 rewritten:

18 "**§ 160A-215. Uniform provisions for room occupancy taxes.**

19 ...
20 (b) Levy. – A room occupancy tax may be levied ~~only by resolution, after not less than~~
21 ~~10 days' public notice and after a public hearing held pursuant thereto as provided in this~~
22 ~~subsection only if all of the following conditions are met:~~

23 (1) The governing body of Stallings District S directs the county board of
24 elections to conduct an advisory referendum on the question of whether to
25 levy the room occupancy tax authorized in this subsection.

26 (2) The election is held in accordance with the procedures of G.S. 163-287, and
27 the form of the question to be presented on the ballot concerning the room
28 occupancy tax authorized by this subsection is as follows:

29 "[] FOR [] AGAINST

30 The levy of a room occupancy tax in the amount of up to five percent (5%) of
31 the gross receipts derived from the rental of any room, lodging, or
32 accommodation furnished by a hotel, motel, or similar place."

33 (3) A majority of those voting in the referendum vote for the levy of the room
34 occupancy tax authorized in this subsection.

35 (4) The governing body of Stallings District S, by resolution and after 10 days'
36 public notice, levies the room occupancy tax authorized in this subsection.

37 A room occupancy tax shall become effective on the date specified in the resolution levying
38 the tax. That date must be the first day of a calendar month, however, and may not be earlier than
39 the first day of the second month after the date the resolution is adopted.

40 (b1) Rate Increase. – The governing body of Stallings District S may, by resolution and
41 after not less than 10 days' public notice and a public hearing, increase the rate of the tax to a rate
42 not in excess of that approved in an election held pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.

43"

44 **SECTION 2.2.(b1)** Administration. – A tax levied under this section shall be
45 administered, collected, and repealed as provided in G.S. 160A-215 as if Stallings District S were
46 a city. The penalties provided in G.S. 160A-215 apply to a tax levied under this section.

47 **SECTION 2.2.(c)** Definitions. – The following definitions apply in this section:

48 (1) Net proceeds. – Gross proceeds less the cost to the district of administering
49 and collecting the tax, as determined by the finance officer, not to exceed three
50 percent (3%) of the first five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) of gross

1 proceeds collected each year and one percent (1%) of the remaining gross
2 receipts collected each year.

3 (2) Promote travel and tourism. – To advertise or market an area or activity,
4 publish and distribute pamphlets and other materials, conduct market research,
5 or engage in similar promotional activities that attract tourists or business
6 travelers to the area. The term includes administrative expenses incurred in
7 engaging in the listed activities.

8 (3) Tourism-related expenditures. – Expenditures that, in the judgment of the
9 Tourism Development Authority, are designed to increase the use of lodging
10 facilities, meeting facilities, or convention facilities in the district or to attract
11 tourists or business travelers to the district. The term includes tourism-related
12 capital expenditures.

13 **SECTION 2.2.(d)** Distribution and Use of Tax Revenue. – Stallings District S shall,
14 on a quarterly basis, remit the net proceeds of the occupancy tax to the Stallings District S
15 Tourism Development Authority. The Authority shall use at least two-thirds of the proceeds
16 remitted to it to promote travel and tourism in Stallings District S and shall use the remainder for
17 tourism-related expenditures. In accordance with the North Carolina Constitution and the United
18 States Constitution, the tax proceeds may be used only for the direct benefit of the jurisdiction of
19 Stallings District S. None of the proceeds may be used to promote travel or tourism in areas
20 within the Town of Stallings that are outside of the district or for tourism-related expenditures in
21 the county that are outside of the district.

22 **SECTION 2.2.(e)** Stallings District S Tourism Development Authority. –
23 Appointment and Membership. – When the governing body of the district adopts a resolution
24 levying a room occupancy tax under this Part, it shall also adopt a resolution creating the Stallings
25 District S Tourism Development Authority, which shall be a public authority under the Local
26 Government Budget and Fiscal Control Act. The resolution shall provide for the membership of
27 the Authority, including the members' terms of office, and for the filling of vacancies on the
28 Authority. At least one-third of the members must be individuals affiliated with businesses that
29 collect the tax in the district, and at least one-half of the members must be individuals currently
30 active in the promotion of travel and tourism in the district. The board of commissioners shall
31 designate one member of the Authority as chair and shall determine the compensation, if any, to
32 be paid to members of the Authority.

33 The Authority shall meet at the call of the chair and shall adopt rules of procedure to
34 govern its meetings. The finance officer for the Town of Stallings shall be the ex officio finance
35 officer of the Authority.

36 **SECTION 2.2.(f)** Duties. – The Authority shall expend the net proceeds of the tax
37 levied under this section for the purposes provided in subsection (d) of this section. The Authority
38 shall promote travel, tourism, and conventions in the district; sponsor tourist-related events and
39 activities in the district; and finance tourist-related capital projects in the district.

40 **SECTION 2.2.(g)** Reports. – The Authority shall report quarterly and at the close of
41 the fiscal year to the governing body of the district on its receipts and expenditures for the
42 preceding quarter and for the year in such detail as the governing body of the district may require.
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44 **PART III. APPLICABILITY AND EFFECTIVE DATE**

45 **SECTION 3.** G.S. 160A-215(g) reads as rewritten:

46 "(g) Applicability. – Subsection (c) of this section applies to all cities that levy an
47 occupancy tax. To the extent subsection (c) conflicts with any provision of a local act, subsection
48 (c) supersedes that provision. The remainder of this section applies only to Beech Mountain
49 District W, to the Cities of Belmont, Conover, Eden, Elizabeth City, Gastonia, Goldsboro,
50 Greensboro, Hickory, High Point, Indian Trail, Jacksonville, Kings Mountain, Lake Santeetlah,
51 Lenoir, Lexington, Lincolnton, Lowell, Lumberton, Monroe, Mount Airy, Mount Holly,

1 Reidsville, Roanoke Rapids, Salisbury, Sanford, Shelby, Statesville, Washington, and
2 Wilmington, to the Towns of Ahoskie, Beech Mountain, Benson, Bermuda Run, Blowing Rock,
3 Boiling Springs, Boone, Burgaw, Carolina Beach, Carrboro, Cooleemee, Cramerton, Dallas,
4 Dobson, Elkin, Fontana Dam, Franklin, Grover, Hillsborough, Jonesville, Kenly, Kure Beach,
5 Leland, McAdenville, Mocksville, Mooresville, Murfreesboro, North Topsail Beach, Pembroke,
6 Pilot Mountain, Ranlo, Robbinsville, Selma, Smithfield, St. Pauls, Swansboro, Troutman, Tryon,
7 West Jefferson, Wilkesboro, Wrightsville Beach, Yadkinville, Yanceyville, to the municipalities
8 in Avery and Brunswick Counties, and to Saluda District ~~D~~D and Stallings District S."

9 **SECTION 4.** This act is effective when it becomes law.